

PAGE TWO

## The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH, Editor

Published daily except Sunday by  
The Herald Publishing Company of  
Klamath Falls, at 115 Fourth street.

Entered at the postoffice at Klamath  
Falls, Oregon, for transmission through  
the mails as second-class matter.

Subscription terms by mail to any  
address in the United States:  
One year \$5.00  
One month .50

MONDAY, JANUARY 8, 1917

## Herald's Classified Advs.

Advertisements in the Classified  
columns are printed at the rate of  
Five Cents a line, invariably in ad-  
vance. Hereafter no advertisement  
will be accepted unless accompanied  
by the cash.

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Steam heated room, close  
to business district. Phone 135J. 2R

FOR RENT—Two well furnished  
housekeeping flats. Riverside Apart-  
ments. 5 St.

## MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Poland China bowl. Noti-  
fy Matt's Second Hand store, Sixth  
street. J. W. Burke. 5-6T

HIGHEST cash paid for furs, hides  
and pelts. R. P. Lewis, Sixth street,  
near Klamath. 19-1T

MCABE'S EXPRESS—Call Mecca  
Billard parlor, phone 153. 15-1m\*

Now men once dreaded illness and  
accident! Meant suffering for the fam-  
ily; dependence perhaps, on relatives  
or charity. But NOW any man can

## ETNA-IZE

at trivial cost. And no matter what  
his disability or how it may result, his  
Etna Disability Policy becomes his  
sure, steady wage-earner.

CHILCOTE, Agent

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. J. H. CARTER  
DENTIST  
OFFICE, ROOMS 7 and 8  
WHITE BUILDING

DR. F. M. WHITE  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
Eye Treated—Glasses Fitted  
207 Odd Fellows Building

DR. F. R. GODDARD  
Osteopathic Physician  
Suite 219, I. O. O. F. Temple  
REMEMBER—I never charge for  
examination and consultation.  
FURTHER—This places you under  
no obligation, and you will not  
be asked to take treatment.  
Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m.; 2 to 5;  
7 to 9 p. m. Phone 321  
Residence Phone 250R

City & County Abstract Co.  
ABSTRACTS INSURANCE  
Member  
Oregon Association Title Men

DR. A. A. SOULE  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Rm 1 to 3, Emma Bldg. Phone 151J  
(English pronunciation of Soule is  
Soul; French, Soulay.)

PUT CREAM IN NOSE  
AND STOP CATARRH  
Tells How To Open Clogged Nos-  
trils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments.  
Your cold in head or catarrh will be  
gone. Your clogged nostrils will open.  
The air passages of your head will  
clear and you can breathe freely. No  
more dullness, headache; no hawking,  
sneezing, mucous discharges or dry-  
ness; no struggling for breath at  
night.  
Tell your druggist you want a  
small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm.  
Apply a little of this fragrant anti-  
septic cream in your nostrils, let it  
penetrate through every air passage  
of the head; soothe and heal the  
swollen, inflamed mucous membrane,  
and relief comes instantly.  
It is just what every cold and cat-  
arrh sufferer needs. Don't stay  
stuffed up and miserable.—Adv.

## Darcy-Gibbons Bout Will Be Staged in Havana



LES DARCY

MIKE GIBBONS

"Curley" Brown, the race track owner  
of Havana, is believed to have  
signed Les Darcy of Australia and  
Mike Gibbons of St. Paul for a middle-  
weight championship fight in Havana.  
This contest will likely be the main

feature of his big boxing carnival.  
Brown is now in New York city to  
close negotiations. This fight would  
be the most interesting middleweight  
contest that could be arranged. Brown

is also fighting on Frank Moran and  
Fred Fulton, Johnny Kilbane and Fred  
Welsh, and expects to bring Jimmy  
Wilde, the wonderful little flyweight  
boxer of England.

U. S. Control Irrigation  
Make Reclamation National Issue

Tacoma Man, Speaking Before Oregon Irrigation Congress,  
Would Make Irrigation a National Issue at the  
Governments Expense

Wilburn Fairchild of Tacoma, mem-  
ber of the Washington state senate,  
electrified the Oregon irrigation con-  
gress, in session at the Imperial hotel  
with one of the most revolutionary  
plans for the reclamation of the West-  
ern arid lands that has yet been ad-  
vanced. He would have irrigation made  
a national issue to the sacrifice of al-  
most all others, and would have all  
irrigation done at government ex-  
pense under direction of a commis-  
sioner clad with full power.

Senator Fairchild's plan is to have  
main canals constructed from each of  
the rivers flowing near the irrigable  
sections from which laterals could be  
constructed. He would have the water  
thus delivered to the land sold at ab-  
solute cost plus enough for payment of  
interest on bonds and to carry a sink-  
ing fund for fifty years, when the  
bonds would mature.

He would have the commission's op-  
erating headquarters not at Washing-  
ton, but in the West, in the very heart  
of the arid lands, so the commis-  
sioners could tell at first hand exactly  
what projects should be cared for.

Senator Fairchild's statement was  
received with applause, but no action  
was taken by the congress. He urged  
that the subject be brought up next  
fall at a great congress of irrigation-  
ists to be held at some point central to  
all the arid lands, Salt Lake City be-  
ing suggested, with attendance from  
all parts. Such a gathering, he said,  
if it should act behind this program,  
could demand action by congress that  
would make it workable.

The senator declared that at the  
present rate of irrigation development  
it would take 4,000 years to redeem the  
West. Under his plan, he contended,  
it could be accomplished in less than  
twenty years. He said it made him  
furious to cross the continent and see  
on one side of the track vast empires  
of land producing only sage brush and  
tenanted only by jackrabbits and co-  
yotes, while a stately river was flowing  
on the other, winding its useless way  
to the sea.

In concrete form his proposition

would be to run a great main canal  
from each of these rivers on as high  
a level as practicable. As the country  
developed and new machinery was de-  
vised, lands higher than this canal  
level could be irrigated.

The government could construct the  
main canals and let private capital  
handle the laterals and municipal or  
co-operative districts or associations  
could be formed for safeguarding the  
interests of the water users.

Such a program, he held, would au-  
tomatically prevent the freshets that  
annually do so much damage in the  
lower Mississippi and Columbia bot-  
toms. He advocated also a regulatory  
body similar to the Interstate Com-  
merce Commission to safeguard the in-  
vestment of private capital already ex-  
isting in irrigation projects and to ad-  
minister the new projects when they  
have been completed.

Senator Fairchild said 100,000,000  
acres reclaimed would not be an ex-  
aggerated estimate of the accomplish-  
ment of such a plan within a few years  
after the policy was adopted.

The general effect of such a reclama-  
tion would be the more even distribu-  
tion of the population between the  
East and the West, the stimulation of

industry of all kinds in the West to a  
basis commensurate with that of the  
East and a new national expansion to-  
ward the center that would mean much  
for the welfare of humanity.

P. A. Devers of Portland discussed  
the needs of the irrigation farmer,  
chief of which he held to be instruction  
in how to farm under irrigation condi-  
tions. He urged the establishment of  
more experiment stations to accom-  
plish this.

R. E. Bradbury of Klamath Falls, a  
practical irrigationist, urged the need  
of transportation both by rail and high-  
way to allow the marketing of products  
that are now in excess of local de-  
mands. By this market expansion, en-  
couragement would be given new set-  
tlers who would be assured of revenue  
from their crops. He recommended  
that the legislature be asked to allow  
organization of highway and railroad  
districts that the settlers might help  
work out this transportation problem.

Dean A. R. Cordley of the Oregon  
Agricultural College explained the re-  
search work the college is doing for  
the help of agriculture and especially  
in the semi-arid and dry-farming re-  
gions.

A general discussion of irrigation  
practice followed.

## "COLD PROOF"

By DR. A. A. SOULE,  
County Coroner

Would you like to be cold proof?  
Would you like to be free from pneu-  
monia that causes 10 per cent of the  
deaths in the United States? Would  
it not be better for the doctor to be  
paid for keeping you well rather than  
setting you well? Such a method  
would be known as preventive medi-  
cine, such as is now in vogue in in-  
dustrial health insurance and infec-  
tious diseases.

During the winter months the death  
rate in pneumonia in some cities is

20 per cent. In some cases a  
fatal infection of other bacteria are  
associated with it. Now, if this germ is  
present in health, what aid do we give  
it that transforms it from a harmless  
organism to one of man's most power-  
ful enemies? What aid do we render  
these harmless fellows to make them  
dangerous criminals?

Briefly we prepare the soil for the  
pneumonia germ by debility from any  
cause. At the head of the list in in-  
fluenza, whooping cough, bad colds,  
croup, and exhausting conditions.  
Next we have fatigue, overwork, over-  
eating, constipation, intemperance and  
overcrowding in public places, where  
bad air is prevalent.

I do not believe that exposure to wet  
and cold, penetrating winds or chill-  
ing of the body surface are in any way  
a primary cause of pneumonia. They  
are only secondary. What causes colds  
and pneumonia is lowered vitality and  
a congested intestinal canal that can  
not stand exposure.

Many of us are strangers to our cli-  
mate. We spend the day and night in  
artificial heat. We never ventilate our  
lungs with a deep breath or a brisk  
walk in God's open air. We never  
walk. We take our car or the jitney,  
climb the moving stairs or are hoisted  
up by an elevator. The climate is  
here to stay. It is your business to get  
used to it. Walk around briskly, and  
breathe the elements. Have an intimacy  
with nature, keep your resistance high  
and you will be cold proof.

DRINK A GLASS  
OF REAL HOT WATER  
BEFORE BREAKFAST.

Says we will both look and feel  
clean, sweet and fresh  
and avoid illness.

Sanitary science has of late made  
rapid strides with results that are of  
untold blessing to humanity. The latest  
application of its untiring research  
is the recommendation that it is as  
necessary to attend to internal sanitation  
of the drainage system of the human  
body as it is to the drains of the house.

Those of us who are accustomed to  
feel dull and heavy when we arise,  
suffering headache, stuffy from a cold,  
foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stom-  
ach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a  
daisy by opening the sluices of the  
system each morning and flushing out  
the whole of the internal poisonous  
stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or  
well, should each morning before  
breakfast, drink a glass of real hot  
water with a teaspoonful of limestone  
phosphate in it to wash from the  
day's indigestible waste, sour bile and  
poisonous toxins; thus cleansing  
stomach, liver and bowels the previous  
sweetening and purifying the entire  
alimentary canal before putting more  
food into the stomach. The action of  
an empty stomach is wonderfully in-  
vigorating. It cleans out all the sour  
hot water and limestone phosphate on  
fermentations, gases, waste and acid-  
ity and gives one a splendid appetite  
for breakfast. While you are enjoying  
your breakfast the phosphated hot  
water is quietly extracting a large vol-  
ume of water from the blood and get-  
ting ready for a thorough flushing of  
all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are both-  
ered with constipation, biliousness,  
stomach trouble, rheumatic stiffness,  
others who have sallow skins, blood  
disorders and sickly complexions are  
urged to get a quarter pound of lime-  
stone phosphate from the drug store.  
This will cost very little, but is suffi-  
cient to make anyone a pronounced  
crank on the subject of internal san-  
itation.—Adv.

"Gosh, what  
a Lot of  
Parts"

That's what a businessman  
said when he saw a well  
known part being repaired  
here. Most watches have  
about 150 parts.

The man in charge of Upp's  
repair department has the  
skill, knowledge and experi-  
ence you want when your  
watch needs attention.

Repair charges are always  
reasonable and the work  
fully guaranteed for a year.

Frank M. Upp  
Jeweler  
433 Main Street  
Official S. P. Watch Inspector

## Will Kill Cockroach

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 8.—It becomes  
the duty of purveyors of news to an-  
nounce that State Entomologist Frank  
N. Wallace today sounded the death-  
knell of all Hooter bedbugs and cock-  
roaches. He did it in an official bulle-  
tin declaring that three parts of four  
and one part plaster of paris, with a  
dash of water nearby, will make stones  
in the cockroaches' tummies and end  
them, while you may gas the bedbugs  
with gasoline.

## Follow Johnson Policies

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—Declaring  
that he believes strongly in Hiram  
Johnson's principles, Lieutenant Gov-  
ernor W. D. Stephens, on the job in  
his office today, promised to do all in  
his power to sustain the things John-  
son has fought for and gained, and to  
carry to completion those that are now  
under way.

COMB SAGE TEA  
INTO GRAY HAIR

REKENS BEAUTIFULLY AND RE-  
STORES ITS NATURAL COLOR  
AND LUSTRE AT ONCE

Common garden sage brewed into a  
tea, with sulphur and alcohol ad-  
ded, will turn gray streaked and  
faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous.

Mixing the sage tea and sulphur  
type at home, though, is troublesome  
and at best, though, is troublesome  
easier way is to get the ready-to-  
preparation improved by the addi-  
tion of other ingredients, costing about  
cents a bottle, at drug stores, known  
as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Com-  
pound," thus avoiding a lot of mess.

While gray, faded hair is not stuf-  
fy, all desire to retain your youthful ap-  
pearance and attractiveness. By dab-  
bling your hair with Wyeth's Sage and  
Sulphur Compound, no one can tell,  
because it does it so naturally, so even  
you just dampen a sponge or soft  
brush with it and draw this through  
your hair, taking one small strand at a  
time, by morning all gray hairs have  
disappeared. After another applica-  
tion of two your hair becomes beau-  
tifully dark, glossy, soft and lustrous  
and you appear years younger.  
Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound  
—a delightful toilet requisite. It is not  
needed for the cure, mitigation or  
prevention of disease.—Adv.

## LEGAL NOTICES

Notice Inviting Proposals to Purchase  
City of Klamath Falls Improve-  
ment Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Police Judge of the City of  
Klamath Falls Oregon, up to and in-  
cluding Monday, January 8th, 1917,  
at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m., for the  
purchase of City of Klamath Falls Im-  
provement bonds, aggregating in  
amount eleven thousand four hundred  
and fourteen and 54/100 (\$11,414.54) dollars. These bonds are  
authorized by ordinance No. 399 of  
said city, and will mature in ten  
years from date of issue; and are op-  
tional after one year, and may be re-  
deemed in numerical order at the  
option of the city at any semiannual  
coupon period, at or after one year  
from date of issue.

These bonds are authorized to provide  
funds for payment of the cost of  
grading and improving of Eleventh  
street from main street to Upham  
street, exclusive of United States Gov-  
ernment irrigation canal right of way,  
and Upham street from its intersec-  
tion with Eleventh street to Prospect  
street, including intersections.

These bonds will be sold to the  
highest and best bidder for cash for  
not less than par value and accrued  
interest; and will bear interest not to  
exceed six per cent (6 per cent).

Each proposal to purchase must be  
accompanied by a check for 5 per  
cent of the amount of bid, certified by  
some responsible bank, payable to the  
city of Klamath Falls.

Proposals must be sealed and en-  
dorsed "Proposal to Purchase Im-  
provement Bonds."

The common council reserves the  
right to reject any and all bids and  
proposals.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon,  
December 9 1916.

A. L. LEAVITT,  
Police Judge of the City of Klamath  
Falls, Oregon. 12-9 1-4

\$100,000.00

CITY OF KLAMATH FALLS MUNI-  
CIPAL RAILROAD BONDS.

## NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That  
sealed bids will be received by the  
Police Judge of the City of Klamath  
Falls, Klamath County, Oregon, up to  
and including

JANUARY 15, 1917.

At the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., for the  
sale of \$100,000 City of Klamath Falls  
municipal railroad bonds of the de-  
nomination of \$1,000 each, and num-  
bered 1 to 100 inclusive, all bearing  
date December 1, 1916, payable fifty  
years after date, and bearing interest  
at the rate of 4 1/2 to 5 per cent, pay-  
able semi-annually, on June 1st and  
December 1st of each year, with op-  
tion of payment, on and after De-  
cember 1, 1926, for the construction  
of a municipal railroad from a point  
within said city designated as the in-  
tersection of First street and Klamath  
avenue to a point without said city  
designated as the northerly end of  
Dairy station, located on the south-  
east quarter of the northeast quarter  
of Section 27, Township 38, south,  
Range 11 1/2 east, Willamette Meridian,  
Klamath County, Oregon.

All sealed bids or proposals for the  
purchase of such bonds will be opened  
and considered by the common coun-  
cil of the City of Klamath Falls, at 2  
o'clock p. m. January 15, 1917.

Said bonds are issued in pursuance  
of an amendment to Section 37, Article  
IV, of the Charter of the City of Klamath  
Falls, Oregon, which amendment  
was adopted November 14, 1916. Each  
proposal to purchase said bonds  
shall be accompanied by a certified  
check for 5 per cent of the amount of  
the bids or proposal, drawn on some  
responsible bank, payable uncondi-  
tionally to the Treasurer of the City  
of Klamath Falls.

Bids or proposals for said bonds  
must be unconditional, and the suc-  
cessful bidder or bidders will be re-  
quired to complete payment for said  
bonds within 30 days from the time  
notified by the Common Council that  
the bonds are ready for delivery, or  
forfeit the deposit to the city.

The Common Council of the City of  
Klamath Falls hereby reserves to it-  
self the right to reject any and all  
bids and proposals for the purchase  
of said bonds or any part thereof.

Said bonds are offered for sale in  
pursuance of Ordinance No. 402 of  
said city, adopted by the Common  
Council December 11, 1916, and ap-  
proved by the Mayor on December  
14, 1916.

A. L. LEAVITT,  
Police Judge of the City of Klamath  
Falls, Klamath County, Oregon.  
12-14 to 1-15.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION  
Net Coal Lands

United States Land Office at  
Lakeview, Ore., December 16, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Perry  
L. Nell, whose postoffice address is  
Klamath Falls, Oregon, did, on the  
22d day of April, 1916, file in this of-  
fice sworn statement and application,  
No. 09214, to purchase the NE 1/4, SE 1/4,  
Section 26, Township 37 south, Range  
9 east, Willamette Meridian, and the  
timber thereon, under the provisions  
of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts  
amendatory, known as the "Timber  
and Stone Law," at such value as  
might be fixed by appraisement, and  
that, pursuant to such application, the  
land and timber thereon have been  
appraised at \$160, the timber esti-  
mated 140,000 board feet at \$1.00 per  
M, and the land \$20.00; that said ap-  
plicant will offer proof in support of  
his application and sworn statement  
on the 27th day of February, 1917, be-  
fore C. R. DeLap, Clerk of the County  
Court, at Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest  
this purchase before entry, or initiate  
a contest at any time before patent  
issues, by filing a corroborated af-  
fidavit in this office, alleging facts  
which would defeat the entry.

JAS. F. BURGESS,  
12-19 2-20 Register.

With a Bank Book for  
Company

you need never be lonely either in  
youth or old age. Why not start  
to own a big one by opening an ac-  
count with The First State and  
Savings Bank. Just a few dollars  
will start one, and once you acquire  
the habit of saving you'll be sur-  
prised at how rapidly your savings  
will grow.



FIRST STATE AND SAVINGS BANK  
KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON